

IAM Roles Beyond EC2 Instances

Security-in-Depth for AWS

Loïc Simon



Who Am I?



- Loïc Simon
- Principal Security Engineer @ NCC Group
- Author of open-source software
 - Scout2
 - Security Auditing Tool for AWS environments
 - Static analysis of AWS resources
 - Security-oriented views of key resources
 - AWS-recipes
 - Repository of various tools and policies



Goal



 Discuss IAM roles, in particular their use to create a new IAM security model for defense-in-depth



Agenda



- Intro to IAM Roles
 - Authentication in AWS
 - What is an IAM role?
 - Applications of IAM roles
- IAM roles for IAM users
 - Workflow
 - Permissions in IAM
 - Least privilege with IAM Roles





Intro to IAM Roles

- Authentication in AWS
- What is an IAM role?
- Applications of IAM roles



Authentication in AWS



- Identity and Access Management (IAM)
 - AWS' "directory" (users and groups)
 - AWS' access controls (done via policies)
 - IAM credentials valid until user deletes/changes them
- Security Token Service (STS)
 - Issues temporary, limited-privilege credentials
 - STS credentials valid between 15 minutes and 36 hours



What is an IAM Role?



- AWS identity with permissions
 - Inline or managed IAM policies
- Not associated with a single user
 - Assumable by various parties
 - Trust relationship (a.k.a AssumeRole policy)
- No long-lived credentials associated with it
 - Short-lived (STS) credentials issued when requested



What is an IAM Role?



- AWS identity with permissions
 - Inline or managed IAM policies

Policy #1

- Not associated with a single user
 - Assumable by various parties
 - Trust relationship (a.k.a AssumeRole policy)

Policy #2

- No long-lived credentials associated with it
 - Short-lived (STS) credentials issued when requested



Reminder about IAM policies



- Policy
 - Set of permissions defined as a list of statements
 - JSON

- Statement
 - Rule defined by
 - Effect: Allow or Deny
 - Action
 - Resource: object the action applies to
 - Condition



Reminder about IAM policies

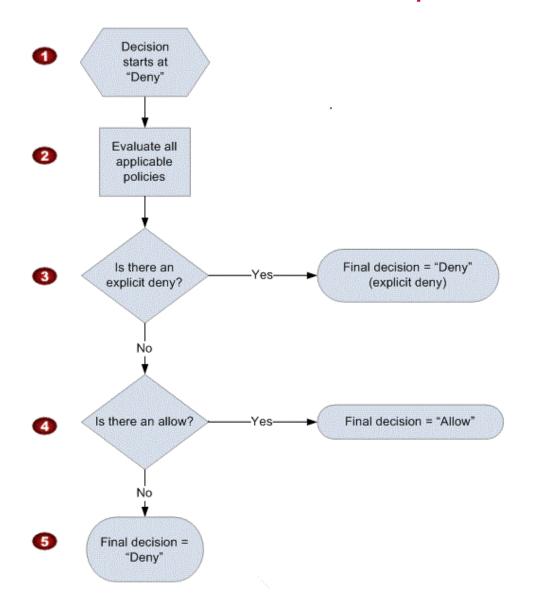


```
"Version": "2012-10-17",
"Statement": [
   "Effect": "Allow",
    "Action": "ec2:*",
    "Resource": "*"
  },
```



Reminder about IAM policies







Trust Relationship



- Syntax similar to IAM policy's syntax
- Only one AssumeRole policy per IAM role
- Principal must be specified
- Resource is implicit (Role's ARN)
- Action can only be a subset of
 - AssumeRole
 - AssumeRoleWithSAML
 - AssumeRoleWithWebIdentity





 The entity who is allowed access to the actions and resources in the statement.





- Everyone
 - "*"
 - { "AWS": "*" }





- Everyone
 - "*"
 - { "AWS": "*" }
- AWS Account
 - { "AWS": "AWS-account-ID" }
 - { "AWS": "arn:aws:iam::AWS-account-ID:root" }





- Everyone
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 - { "AWS": "arn:aws:iam::AWS-account-ID:user/loic" }





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- Identity Provider
 - { "Federated": "arn:aws:iam::AWS-account-ID:saml-provider/SAML" }





- Everyone
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- Identity Provider
 - { "Federated": "arn:aws:iam::AWS-account-ID:saml-provider/SAML" }
- AWS Service
 - { "service": "ec2.amazonaws.com" }



Trust Relationship



```
"Version": "2012-10-17",
"Statement": [
 "Effect": "Allow",
 "Principal": {
  "Service": "ec2.amazonaws.com",
  "AWS": "arn:aws:iam::936728503675:root"
 "Action": [
  "sts:AssumeRole",
  "sts:AssumeRoleWithSAML",
  "sts:AssumeRoleWithWebIdentity"
```





- IAM Policy
 - Defines what actions a role can do
- Trust Relationship
 - Defines who can assume the role
- How does one affect the other?





User's IAM permissions Allow AssumeRole	Role's Trust Relationship Allows AssumeRole	User can AssumeRole
No	No	No
Yes	No	No
No	Yes	No
Yes	Yes	Yes





```
"Version": "2012-10-17",
"Statement": [
 "Effect": "Allow",
 "Action": "sts:AssumeRole",
 "Resource": "*"
      User's permissions
```

```
{
  "Version": "2012-10-17",
  "Statement": [
    {
        "Effect": "Allow",
        "Action": "sts:AssumeRole",
        "Principal": { "Service": "ec2.amazonaws.com" }
    }
  ]
}
```

Role's trust relationship





User cannot assume role





- IAM Users
 - Require two authorizations
 - IAM Permissions
 - Role's Trust Relationship
- Other Principals
 - Only limited by Role's Trust Relationship



Applications of IAM Roles



- Amazon application or service (EC2, Lambda, EMR, ..)
 - No need to share and maintain long-term credentials
- Cross-account access
 - No need to maintain a user base for vendors/partners
- Users (IAM, SAML)
 - Federated Users (SAML)
 - IAM Users



Example: IAM role with EC2 instance



Pass an IAM role to EC2 instance at creation time

- Manual inspection
 - SSH/RDP into the EC2 instance
 - Browse to instance's metadata URL

http://169.254.169.254/latest/meta-data/iam/security-credentials

- If you wait long enough, AWS will rotate the credentials
- Application
 - Use an AWS-SDK and instantiate an API client



Example: IAM Role For Federated Users



- Create an Identity Provider in AWS
 - Upload metadata document
- Configure IdP with Role's ARN
- IdP sends signed SAML assertion
- AWS returns STS credentials



Example: IAM Role For Federated Users



- Pros
 - Single user database (rely on LDAP/AD groups)
 - On/off boarding, group changes automatically reflected
 - No long-lived creds in AWS (use those in LDAP/AD)
- Cons
 - Trust domain crossing (corp/IT vs. prod)
 - No MFA (rely on Identity Provider)
 - Harder to work with CLI (need to build custom tools)



Applications of IAM Roles



- Amazon application or service (EC2, Lambda, EMR, ..)
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- Users (IAM, SAML)
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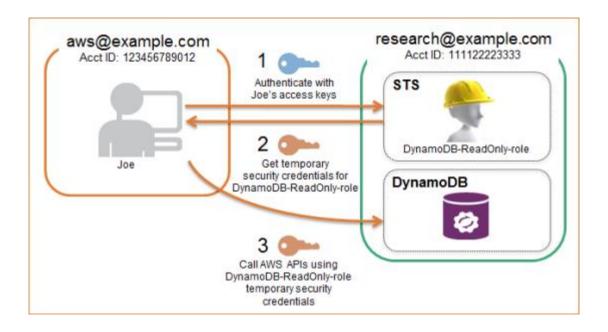
IAM Roles for IAM Users

- Workflow
- Traditional authorization scheme in IAM
- Least-Privileges with IAM Roles



Workflow





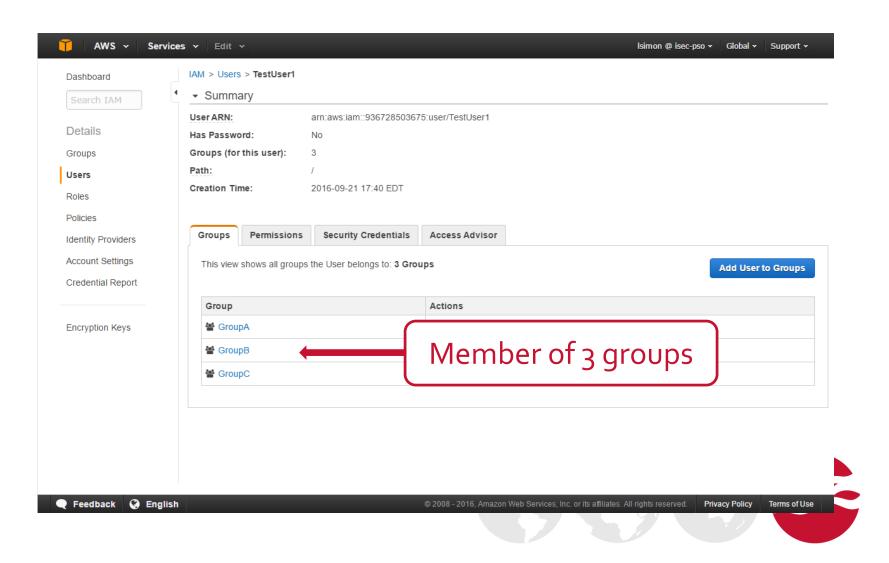




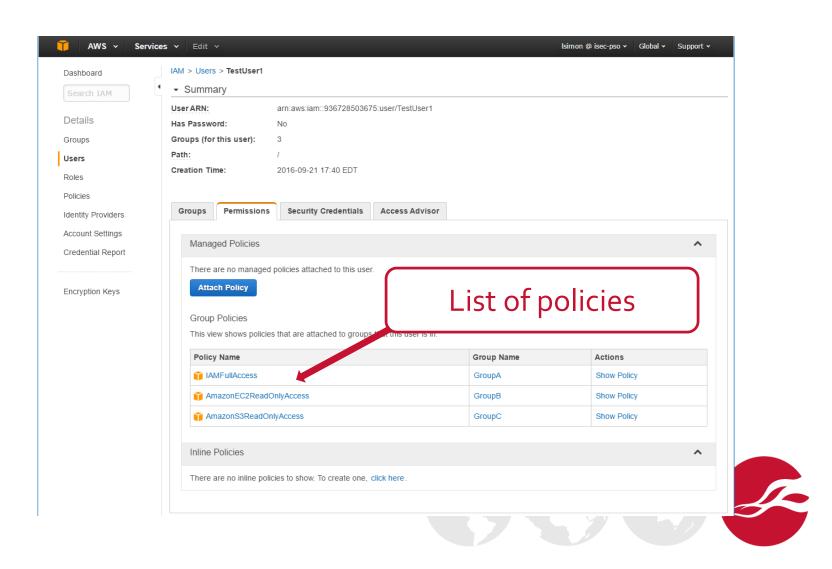
- IAM users
 - Have no inline / managed policies
 - Inherit permissions from group memberships
- IAM groups
 - Have managed policies
 - Have no inline policies



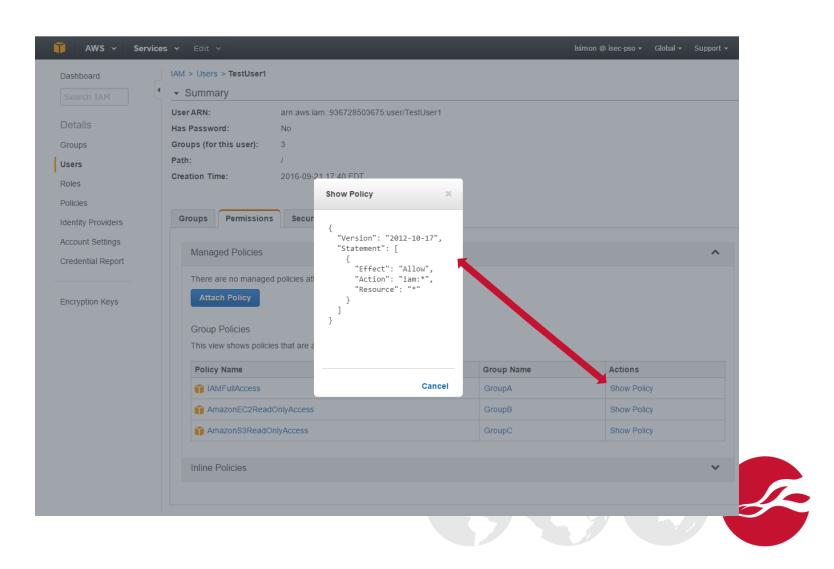














- GroupA
 - User and permissions management
- GroupB
 - Audit of EC2 usage and security groups
- GroupC
 - Read access to S₃ buckets



Traditional Authorization Scheme



- GroupA
 - User and permissions management
 - ~ once a week
- GroupB
 - Audit of EC2 usage and security groups
 - ~ once a month
- GroupC
 - Read access to S₃ buckets
 - ~ Every day



Traditional Authorization Scheme



At any time		
User can do	User needs to do	
IAMFullAccess		
And	Or	
AmazonEC2ReadOnlyAccess		
And	Or	
AmazonS3ReadOnlyAccess		





At any time		
User can do	User needs to do	
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Proposal: use IAM roles

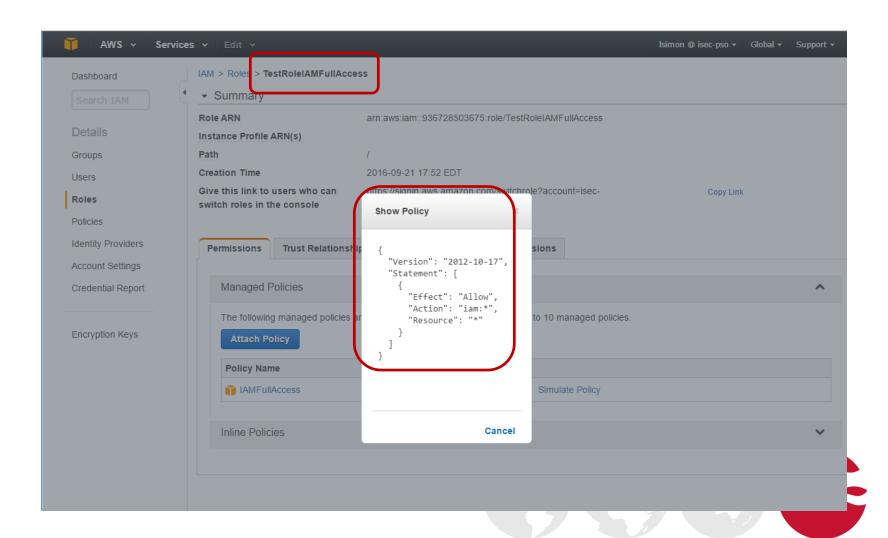




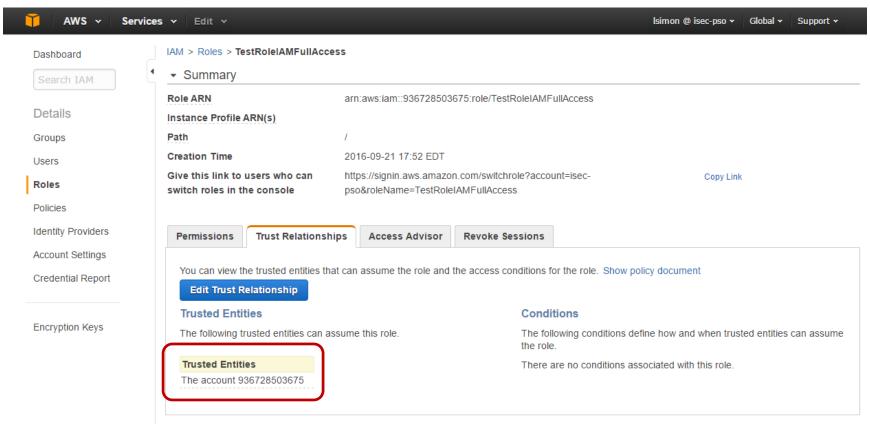
- Create one role corresponding to each group
 - Apply similar permissions
 - Allow same AWS account ID to AssumeRole
- Modify each group's permissions
 - Allow to AssumeRole the corresponding role











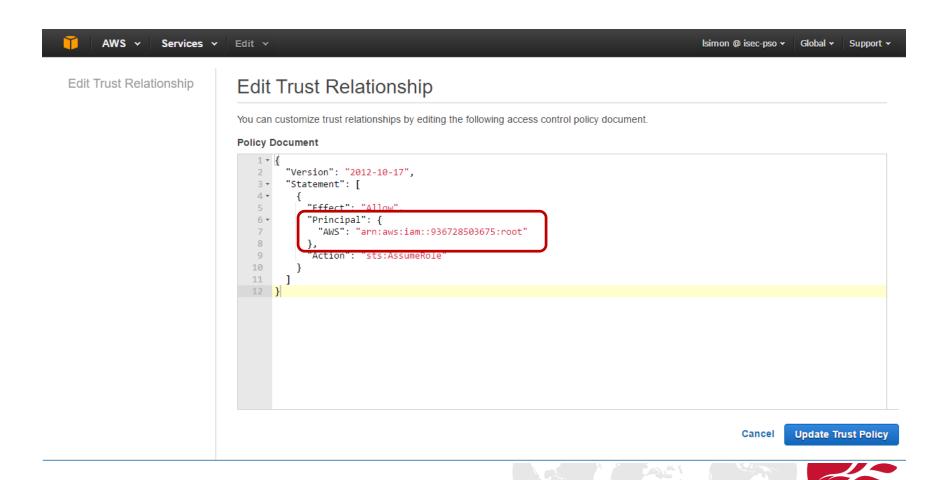




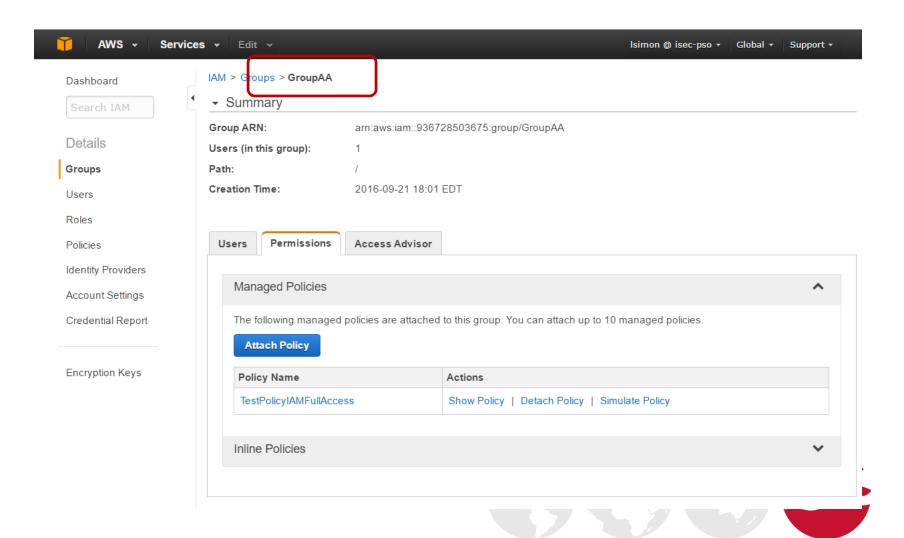




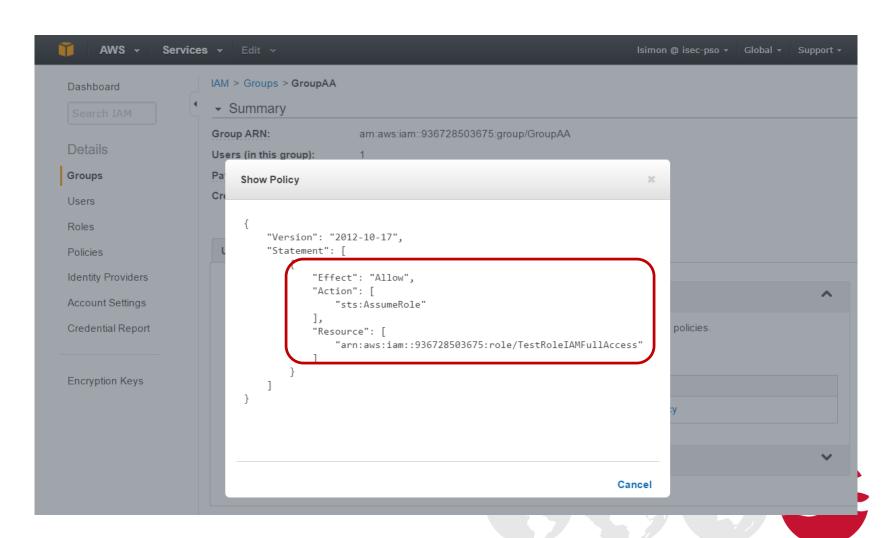














- GroupAA
 - User and permissions management
- GroupBB
 - Audit of EC2 usage and security groups
- GroupCC
 - Audit of S₃ usage and bucket access controls

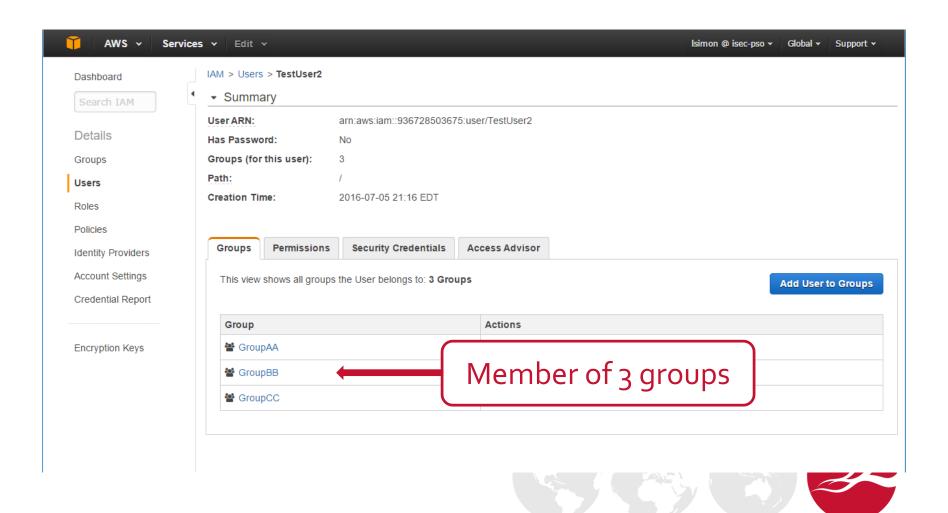




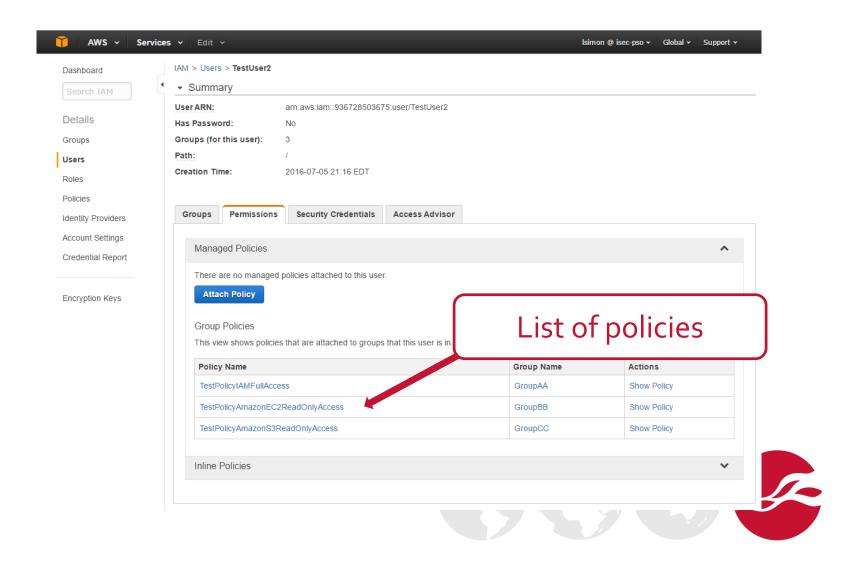
- GroupAA
 - AssumeRole User and permissions management
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- GroupCC
 - AssumeRole Audit of S3 usage and bucket access controls



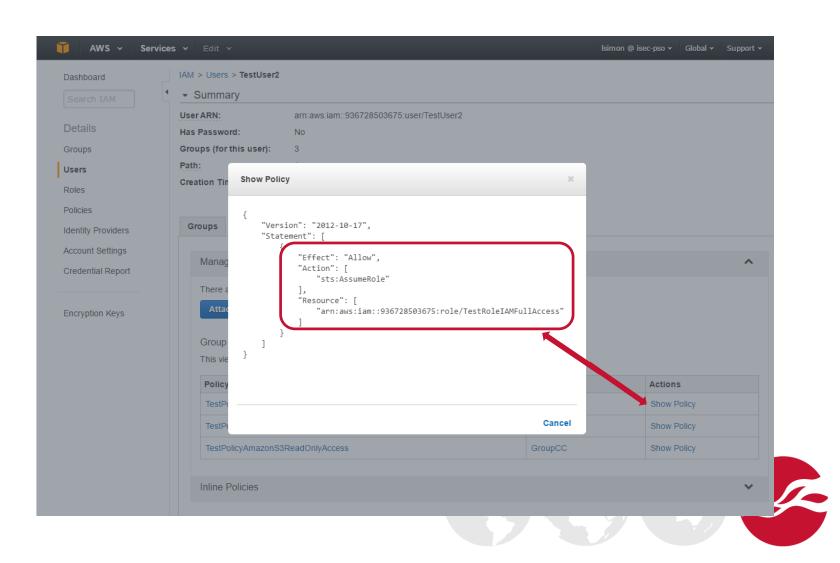














At any time

User can do

User needs to do

AssumeRole IAMFullAccess

And

Or

AssumeRole AmazonEC2ReadOnlyAccess

And

Or

AssumeRole AmazonS3ReadOnlyAccess





- Security trough obscurity
 - Attacker needs to know the role's ARN
- Increased robustness
 - Extra step lowers risks of unintended API access
- How to achieve least privilege?





- Security trough obscurity
 - Attacker needs to know the role's ARN
- Increased robustness
 - Extra step lowers risks of unintended API access
- How to achieve least privilege?
 - Add MFA requirements





- MFA Conditions in AWS policies
 - MFA used at authentication time
 - Always required
 - Age of authentication
 - Varies for each role





- GroupAA
 - AssumeRole User and permissions management
 - MFA within last minute
- GroupBB
 - AssumeRole Audit of EC2 usage and security groups
 - MFA within last minute
- GroupCC
 - AssumeRole Audit of S3 usage and bucket access controls
 - MFA within last minute





Edit Trust Relationship

You can customize trust relationships by editing the following access control policy document.

Policy Document

```
1 - {
      "Version": "2012-10-17",
      "Statement": [
4 +
          "Effect": "Allow",
6 +
          "Principal": {
            "AWS": "arn:aws:iam::936728503675:root"
8
          "Action": "sts:AssumeRole",
9
10 -
            "Bool": {
11 -
                                                                           MFA used
               "aws:MultiFactorAuthPresent": "true"
12
13
            "NumericLessThan": {
14 -
               "aws:MultiFactorAuthAge": "60"
15
17
18
20
```



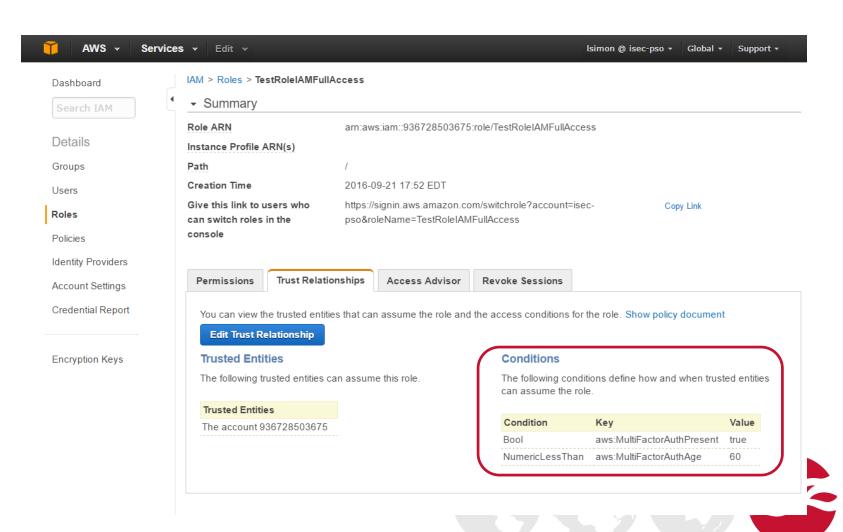
Edit Trust Relationship

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14 -
                                                        Within the last minute
              "aws:MultiFactorAuthAge": "60"
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17
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20
```







At any time

User can do

User needs to do

AssumeRole IAMFullAccess

Or

Or

AssumeRole AmazonEC2ReadOnlyAccess

Or

Or

AssumeRole AmazonS3ReadOnlyAccess

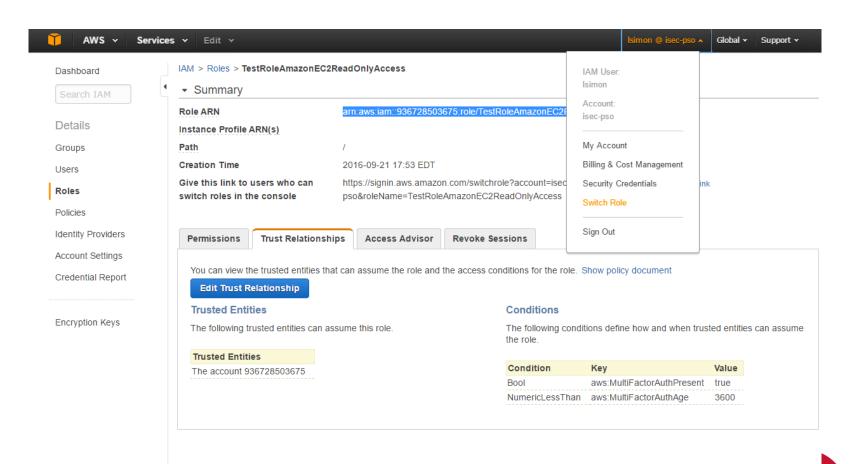




- Security through MFA
- Compromise is limited to scope of current session
 - Attacker less likely to gain IAM/EC2 admin privileges
 - Attacker less likely to maintain API access











Switch Role

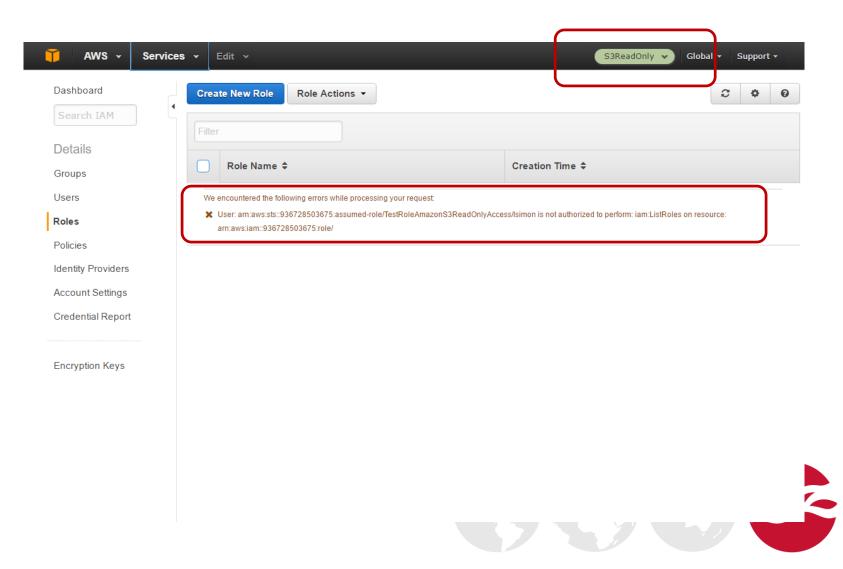
Allows management of resources across AWS accounts using a single user ID and password. You can switch roles after an AWS administrator has configured a role and given you the account and role details. Learn more.

Account*	936728503675	•
Role*	stRoleAmazonS3ReadOnly	•
Display Name	S3ReadOnly	•
Color	a a a a a	
*Required	Cance	Switch Role

English ▼

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Usage in CLI



```
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
loic@whichaway:~$ cat ~/.aws/credentials
[ncc]
aws access key id = AKIAIY5P5RBLS47ANVIA
aws_secret_access_key = = ::936728503675:mfa/lsimon
loic@whichaway:~$
loic@whichaway:~$
loic@whichaway:~$ cat ~/.aws/config
[profile testrole]
role arn = arn:aws:iam::936728503675:role/IAM-TestRole
source profile = ncc
loic@whichaway:~$
loic@whichaway:~$
```

Usage in CLI



```
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
loic@whichaway:~$
loic@whichaway:~$ cat ~/.aws/credentials
[ncc]
aws access key id = AKIAIY5P5RBLS47ANVIA
aws_secret_access_key = _____
aws_mfa serial = arn:aws:iam::936728503675:mfa/lsimon
loic@whichaway:~$
loic@whichaway:~$
loic@whichaway:~$ cat ~/.aws/config
[profile testrole]
role arn = arn:aws:iam::936728503675:role/IAM-TestRole
source profile = ncc
loic@whichaway:~$
loic@whichaway:~$
```

Usage in CLI



```
loic@wh
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
loic@whichaway:~$
loic@whichaway:~$ aws --profile testrole iam list-users --max-items 1
    "NextToken": '
                                                                       iOiAxfQ==",
    "Users": [
            "UserName": "
            "PasswordLastUsed": "2016-01-14T17:03:42Z",
            "CreateDate": "2016-01-08T19:25:54Z",
            "UserId": "
            "Path": "/",
            "Arn": "arn:aws:iam::936728503675:user/
loic@whichaway:~$
```



Takeaways

- IAM roles
 - Defined by two policies
 - IAM permissions policy
 - Trust relationship (a.k.a AssumeRole policy)
 - Allow implementation of least privilege for IAM users
 - Allow implementation of finer-grained access controls
 - Can be used when working with the CLI / 3rd party tools





Takeaways

- Security-in-depths and least privilege
 - Group allows AssumeRole
 - Role's policy defines roles' privileges
 - AssumeRole policy defines trusted entities
 - AssumeRole requires MFA within N hours or minutes



Thank You, Questions?



- Loïc Simon
 - Loic.Simon@nccgroup.trust
- Tools on GitHub
 - https://github.com/nccgroup/AWS-recipes
 - https://github.com/nccgroup/Scout2
- Slides
 - https://lo1cd3v.github.io/slides